Validation of the Polish Version of the Moral Judgment Test (MJT) 

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Validation date provided by Ewa Nowak, Poznan

1. Calculation of the C-Score

The re-calculation of the C-score resulted in the same numbers as the authors.

2. Preference Hierarchy

![Preference Hierarchy Chart]

The data are fully in line with the validity criterion “preference hierarchy”. The preferences increase monotonously with the level of moral orientation sensu Kohlberg. The slight inversions between orientation 1 and 2 and between 5 and 6 have been found in almost all studies and do not in any way invalidate this MJT version.
3. Quasi-simplex structure of inter correlations between the six moral orientations

The data are almost perfectly in line with the validity criterion “quasi-simplex” of inter-correlations of the six moral orientations: adjacent moral orientations (“stages”) correlate more strongly with one another (e.g., stage 3 and 4) than orientations that are more distant (e.g., stage 2 and 6). There are only two slight deviations from this, again with stages 1 and 2 and stages 5 and 6.
4. Affective-cognitive parallelism

The data are also almost perfectly in line with the validity criterion “affective-cognitive parallelism” operationalized as of correlations between the six moral orientations on the one hand, and the C-score on the other. Again, there are only two slight deviations from this, again with stages 1 and 2 and stages 5 and 6.

5. Moral Judgment Competence and Level of Education
Level of education is positively related to moral judgment competence (C-score), but the correlation is rather low. I do not use this as a criterion for text-certification anymore, because the strength of correlation can vary because of difference in quality of education in various countries. The exemplary data show that

6. Conclusion

The present Polish version of the MJT is fully valid and is herewith certified as being equivalent to the master version of the MJT.

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